

# Under Graduate Program in Mathematics

Course of Study, Schemes of  
Examinations & Syllabi  
(Choice Based Credit System)



**PG & Research Department of Mathematics**  
**H.H. The Rajahs' College**  
(Autonomous)

Re-Accredited with B<sup>+</sup> by NAAC  
Pudukkottai- 622 001.

2021 - 2022

## Under – Graduate Programme in Mathematics

### Eligibility

A pass in Higher Secondary Examination / Junior College with a first class in both Mathematics and Physics.

### Structure of the Curriculum

Parts of the Curriculum	No. of Courses	Credits
<b>Part – I</b> : Language	4	12
<b>Part – II</b> : English	4	12
<b>Part – III</b>		
<b>Major</b>		
Core	14	62
Elective	3	15
<b>Allied</b>		
Allied (Physics)	3	12
Allied (Chemistry)	3	10
<b>Part – IV</b>		
	3	6
SBEC	2	4
NMEC	1	2
Env. Studies	1	1
SBC		

<b>Part – V</b>		
Extension Activities	1	1
Gender Studies	1	1
<b>Total</b>		

### **List of Core Courses**

1. Calculus and Trigonometry
2. Theory of equations and Theory of number
3. Analytical Geometry 3D and Vector calculus
4. Sequence and series
5. Differential equations and Laplace Transforms
6. Algebra
7. Mathematical statistics –I
8. Real Analysis
9. Linear Algebra
10. Mechanics
11. Mathematical statistics – II
12. Numerical Analysis
13. Complex Analysis
14. Operations Research

### **List of Elective Courses:**

1. Programing in C
2. Astronomy
3. Graph Theory

## Learning Outcomes of Under-Graduate Programme in Mathematics

General Outcomes	Specific Outcomes
<p>On successful completion of the programme, the student will be</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Improving learning environment and academic resources.</li><li>2. Involving students in discussions, problem-solving and out of box thinking about various ideas of mathematics and their applicability, which may lead to empowerment and enhancement of the social welfare at large.</li><li>3. Motivating the learners to understand various concepts of mathematics keeping in view the regional context.</li></ol>	<p>After the successful completion of the under-graduate programme in Mathematics, the student is expected to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. gain knowledge in foundational areas of mathematics</li><li>2. communicate mathematics accurately, precisely and effectively</li><li>3. develop mathematical thinking;</li><li>4. apply mathematical knowledge;</li><li>5. be able to analyse any data using statistical tools</li><li>6. be able to develop codes using MATLAB &amp; C-language for simple problems</li><li>7. be able to solve mathematical problems using technology.</li></ol>

## B.Sc. Mathematics – Programme Description

(For the students admitted from the year 2021 onwards)

S.I. No.	Sem	Sub. Code	Course Title	Ins. Hrs /Week	Credit	Exam Hrs	Marks		Total
							Int	Ext	
1	I		Part – I	6	3	3	25	75	100
2			Part – II	6	3	3	25	75	100
3		21UMA T1	Major – I: Calculus and Trigonometry	5	5	3	25	75	100
4		21UMA T2	Major – II: Theory of equations and Theory of number	5	4	3	25	75	100
5			Allied paper – I*	3					
6			Allied Paper – II (Practical)*	3					
7			EVS - Environmental studies	2	2	3	25	75	100
8	II		Part – I	6	3	3	25	75	100
9			Part – II	6	3	3	25	75	100
10		21UMA T3	Major – III: Analytical Geometry 3D and Vector calculus	6	5	3	25	75	100
11			Allied Paper – I*	3	5	3	25	75	100
12			Allied Paper – II (Practical)*	3	5	3	25	75	100
13			SBE – I - Mathematics for Competitive Examinations – I	4	4	3	25	75	100
14			VE - Value of Education	2	2	3	25	75	100
15			Part – I	6	3	3	25	75	100
16			Part – II	6	3	3	25	75	100
17		21UMA T4	Major– IV: Sequence and series	5	4	3	25	75	100

	<b>III</b>								
<b>18</b>		<b>21UMA T5</b>	<b>Major – V: Differential equations and Laplace Transforms *</b>	<b>3</b>					
<b>19</b>			<b>Allied Paper – III*</b>	<b>3</b>					
<b>20</b>			<b>Allied Paper – IV*(Practical)</b>	<b>3</b>					
<b>21</b>			<b>Non- Major Elective – I History of Mathematics (Objective Type)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>22</b>			<b>Part – I</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>23</b>			<b>Part – II</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>IV</b>	<b>21UMA T5</b>	<b>Major – V: Differential equations and Laplace Transforms *</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>25</b>		<b>21UMA T6</b>	<b>Major –VI: Algebra</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>26</b>			<b>Allied Paper – III*</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>27</b>			<b>Allied Paper – IV*(Practical)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>28</b>			<b>SBE– II - Mathematics for Competitive Examinations – II</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>29</b>		<b>21UMA T7</b>	<b>Major – VII: Mathematical statistics –I</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>30</b>		<b>21UMA T8</b>	<b>Major – VIII: Real Analysis</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>31</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>21UMA T9</b>	<b>Major– IX: Linear Algebra</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>32</b>		<b>21UMA T10</b>	<b>Major – X: Mechanics</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>33</b>			<b>Elective –I: Programming in C</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>100</b>

34			<b>Non- Major Elective – II</b>	2	2	3	25	75	100
35			<b>Skill Based Elective-III - Mathematics for Competitive Examinations – III</b>	4	4	3	25	75	100
36	VI	21UMA T11	<b>Major – XI: Mathematical statistics – II</b>	5	4	3	25	75	100
37		21UMA T12	<b>Major – XII: Numerical Analysis</b>	5	5	3	25	75	100
38		21UMA T13	<b>Major – XIII: Complex Analysis</b>	5	5	3	25	75	100
39		21UMA T14	<b>Major – XIV: Operations Research</b>	5	4	3	25	75	100
40			<b>Elective - II: Astronomy</b>	5	5	3	25	75	100
41			<b>Elective – III : Graph Theory</b>	4	4	3	25	75	100
42			<b>Gender Studies</b>	1	1	3	25	75	100
			<b>Extension Activities</b>		1				
				180	140				3700
			<b>* Exams will be held at the end of even semester</b>						



## B.Sc. Mathematics

### SEMESTER- I

#### Core Course : CALCULUS AND TRIGONOMETRY

#### Objectives :

To get the knowledge about Differentiation, Integration and expansion of functions and to acquire the knowledge of problem solving ability.

- To inculcate the basic knowledge of differentiation, their applications.
- To introduce the notion of envelopes, curvatures and polar co-ordinates.

#### UNIT I

**Successive Differentiation:** Methods of Successive Differentiation – Leibnitz's Theorem and its applications.

**Vol: 1 Chapter: III**

#### UNIT II

Homogeneous functions - Partial derivatives of a function of two functions – Maxima and Minima of function of two variables.

**Envelopes, Curvature of plane curves:** Curvature-radius of curvature in Cartesian and polar forms-**evolutes and envelopes.**

**Chapter: X - Sections 1.1 – 1.3 and 2.1 – 2.6**

#### UNIT III

**Reduction formulae:** Reduction formulae (Upto  $\int \sin^m x \cos^n x dx$ ) - simple problems –Bernoulli's formula.

**Multiple Integrals:** evaluation of double and triple integrals- simple problems-**Change of order of integration in double integrals.**

Beta and Gamma integrals-their properties, relation between them- evaluation of multiple integrals using Beta and Gamma functions.

**Vol: 2 Chapter: I - Sections 13, 14, Chapter: V - Section 2.1, 2.2 and 4, Chapter VII [Section 2.1-2.3, 3, 4, 5]**

#### UNIT IV:

**Trigonometry:** Expression of  $\sin^n \theta$ ,  $\cos^n \theta$ ,  $\tan^n \theta$ ,  $\sin^n \theta$ ,  $\cos^n \theta$  and  $\tan^n \theta$  - Expansions of  $\sin \theta$ ,  $\cos \theta$  and  $\tan \theta$  in powers of  $\theta$ .

**Chapter: III**

#### UNIT V:

Hyperbolic functions and Logarithm of complex Numbers.

**Chapter: IV and Chapter: V – Sections 5.1, 5.2 and 5.3.**

**Text books :**

1. S. Narayanan and T.K.M. Pillay, “**Calculus volume 1 and volume 2**”, Viswanathan Publishers.
2. S. Narayanan and T.K.M. Pillay, “**Trigonometry**”, Viswanathan Publishers.

**Reference Books:**

1. S. Arumugam and others, Calculus, Scitech Publication, India.
2. S. Arumugam and others, Trigonometry, Scitech Publication, India.
3. Shanthi Narayan (2001) Differential Calculus, Shyam Lal Charitable Trust, New Delhi.
4. P.R. Vittal, **Calculus**, Margham Publications, Chennai.

**Course Outcomes:**

On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

- Find successive differentiation of the  $n$ th derivatives of Standard result, trigonometrical transformation of functions and Leibnitz formula for the  $n$ th derivative of a product.
- Find maxima and minima of function of two variables.
- Understand the concepts of Beta and Gamma functions, methods to find curvature, circle and radius of curvature.
- Expansion of  $\sin n\theta$ ,  $\cos n\theta$ ,  $\tan n\theta$  and powers of sines and cosines in terms of functions of multiples of  $\theta$ .
- Define and illustrate the concept of hyperbolic functions and logarithms of complex numbers.

## B.Sc. Mathematics

### B.Sc. Mathematics

#### Hard Core: THEORY OF EQUATIONS AND THEORY OF NUMBERS

##### Theory of Equations:

###### Unit I:

**Remainder Theorem**-Relation between the roots and coefficients of equations – symmetric function of the roots of the equation  $f(x)=0$  – sum of the powers of the roots of an equation.

**Volume: I Chapter: 6 Sec. 1 - 14**

###### Unit II:

Transformations of equation – roots with sign change - roots multiplied by a given number – Reciprocal equation -standard form of reciprocal equations - to increase and decrease the roots of a given equation by a given quantity - removal of terms.

**Volume: I Chapter: 6 Sec. 15 – 17, 19, 21**

###### Unit III:

The general transformation -location and nature of the roots of an equation – Descarte’s rule of signs – Rolle’s theorem – Deductions from Rolle’s theorem – Multiple roots – **Strum’s theorem (Proof not needed)** – Newton’s method of finding integral roots of an equations – Horner’s method.

**Volume: I Chapter: 6 Sec. 21-22,24 –26,28- 30**

##### Theory of Numbers:

###### Unit IV:

Theory of Numbers – Divisibility in  $Z$  – division algorithm – Euclidean algorithm – Prime and composite numbers – Properties of prime numbers – Unique factorization theorem – division of a given number – Euler’s  $\phi$  – functions – value of  $\phi(n)$  – integral part of a real number – simple problems – product of  $r$  consecutive integer is divisible by  $r!$ .

**Volume: II Chapter: 5 Sec. 1 – 11**

###### Unit V:

*Congruence* – Properties of congruence – criteria of divisibility of a number – simple problems – numbers in Arithmetic progression – residue classes – linear congruence – simultaneous congruence – Chinese reminder theorem – Fermat’s theorem – Wilson’s theorem – Lagrange’s theorem – simple problems.

**Volume: II Chapter: 5 Sec. 12 - 18**

##### Text books:

1. S. Narayanan & Others, Algebra vol. I and vol. II, Viswanathan Publishers.

**Reference Books:**

1. S. Arumugam and others, Theory of Equations and Theory of Numbers, Scitech Publication, India.
2. P.Kandasamy, K.Thilagavathy, Mathematics for B.Sc. Vol. – I,II,III AND IV, S.Chand&Com. Ltd,New Delhi -55.

**Course Outcomes:**

On completion of this course, the learner will

1. know continuous discrete random variables, their probability functions and distribution functions.
2. know the definition and properties of standard discrete distributions and their applications in analyzing data.
3. know methods of finding correlation and regression co-efficients between two data sets and their applications.

## **B.Sc. Mathematics**

### **EVS - ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

#### **Objective:**

1. To implement environmental studies in order to bring about awareness among the students

#### **UNIT –I**

Nature of environment and environmental studies: Definition – scope and importance: need for public awareness – Renewable and non- nonrenewable resources and their management – A preliminary knowledge on the following resources: forest, water, mineral, food and energy.

#### **UNIT II**

Concept of an ecosystem, structure of an ecosystem, producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem, food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.

#### **UNIT III**

Biodiversity and its conservation – introduction – definition genetic – species and ecosystem diversity – Biogeographical classification of India, value of biodiversity : consumptive use, productive use social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Threats to biodiversity : habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India, conservation of biodiversity.

#### **UNIT IV**

Environmental pollution – Definition, causes, effects control measures of Air pollution, water pollution and Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution. Thermal and nuclear pollution: - Solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.

#### **UNIT V**

Social issues and problems from unsustainable to sustainable development, urban problems related to energy conservation – Population growth, variation among nations – population explosion - Family welfare programme – Environment and human health, Human rights, value education, HIV/ AIDS, women and child welfare.

## B.Sc. Mathematics

### SEMESTER- II

#### Core Course: ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY 3D AND VECTOR CALCULUS

##### Objectives

- Emphasis to enhance student knowledge in three dimensional analytical geometry and the geometrical aspects of three dimensional figs, viz, sphere and cone.
- To enhance basic skills in the areas of vector calculus.

##### Objectives:

- To study three dimensional Cartesian Co-ordinates system.
- To introduce the basic concepts of Vector Calculus

##### Analytical Geometry 3D

###### UNIT I

**Direction cosine of a line:** Direction cosine of a line– **Plane:** Standard equation of a plane – intercept form-normal form-plane passing through given points – angle between planes –plane through the line of intersection of two planes. **Equation of the straight line:** The plane and the straight line – coplanar lines – problems.

**Chapter: I and II, (Chapter III (Sections 1 to 7)).**

###### UNIT II

**Equation of the straight line:** The plane and the straight line - Shortest distance between two skew lines- Equation of the line of shortest distance.

**Chapter: III**

**Sphere:** Standard equation –Length of a tangent from any point-Sphere passing through a given circle – intersection of two spheres – Tangent plane.

**Chapter: IV**

###### UNIT III

**Sphere:** Standard equation –Length of a tangent from any point-Sphere passing through a given circle – intersection of two spheres – Tangent plane.

**Chapter: IV**

**Cone:** Cone – Equation of a cone – cone whose vertex is at the origin – Quadric cone whose vertex is at the origin – General quadric cone – Problems. Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)

## Vector Calculus:

### UNIT IV

**Differentiation:** Scalar and vector fields – Differentiation of vectors – Gradient, Divergence and Curl.

### Unit V:

**Integration:** Integration of vectors – line integral – surface integral – Green's theorem in the plane – Gauss divergence theorem – Strokes theorem – (Statements only) - verification of the above said theorems.

### TEXT BOOK(S)

1. Manicavachagam Pillay. T.K., and T. Natarajan, A Text Book of Analytical Geometry Part – II Three Dimensions, Re Print 2000, S.Viswanta Pvt. Ltd.(for unit I and II)
1. T.K.Manickavasagam Pillai & others, Analytical Geometry, S.V Publications - 1985
2. Duraipandian, P. and Lakshmi Duraipandian, D Muhilan, Analytical Geometry 3 Dimensional, Emerald Publishers, Chennai, Re Print 2004. (for unit V)
2. P.Duraipandian and Lakshmi Duraipandian, Analytical Geometry 3D, Emerald Publishers, Chennai 1975.
3. T.K.Manickavasagam Pillai & others, Vector Analysis, S.V. Publications.

### Reference Books:

1. S. Arumugam and others, “Analytical Geometry 3D and Vector Calculus”, Scitech Publication, India.
2. P.Duraipandian and Lakshmi Duraipandian, Analytical Geometry 3D, Emerald Publishers, Chennai 1975.
3. P.R. Vittal, “Analytical Geometry 3D and Vector Calculus”, Margham Publications, Chennai.2003

### Course Outcomes:

On the successful completion of the course, student will be able to:

- Gain knowledge about the regular geometrical figures and their properties.
- Analyze condition of tangency and find the tangent plane to the sphere.
- Examine the condition for the general equation of the cone.
- Understand the concept of vector differentiation.
- Acquire the basic knowledge of vector integration.

## **Skill Based Elective - I**

### **MATHEMATICS FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS – I**

#### **Objectives :**

- To learn the problem solving techniques for aptitude problems.
- To enable the students prepare themselves for various competitive examinations.

#### **Unit I**

Numbers – HCF – LCM  
(Chapters 1 & 2)

#### **Unit II**

Decimal Fractions and Simplification  
(Chapter 3 & 4)

#### **Unit III**

Square and Cubic roots and Average  
(Chapter 5 & 6)

#### **Unit IV**

Problem on numbers and Problems on ages  
(Chapters 7 & 8)

#### **Unit V**

Surds and Indices and Percentage  
(Chapters 9 & 10)

#### **Text Book:**

1. Scope and treatment as in “Quantitative Aptitude” by R. S. Aggarwal, S.Chand & Company Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi (2004)



## **B.Sc. Mathematics**

### **VE - VALUE EDUCATION**

#### **Objective:**

1. To educate the students on various concepts of Values and also to develop Ethics in them and build their personality.

#### **UNIT I**

**Meaning and nature of value education:** Meaning and concepts of value education- origin – nature – classification of values- view of eminent thinkers- meaning of value education- need for value education.

#### **UNIT II**

**Objectives and development of human value:** Role of school and colleges in the development of human values – objectives of value oriented education, Ethical and social values Gandhiji's non violence – Gokak committee.

#### **UNIT III**

**Strategies and approaches to value education:** Role of education in school, family,. Teacher for the personal value development –conceptual frame work-strategy suggested by J.R.Frankel-NCERT approach to value Education- Role play technique in value education- value based curriculum – teacher's role.

#### **UNIT IV**

**Sources of values:** Sources of values – Traditional Indian values, sources of values- culture, Education, Religion- Hinduism, Christianity, Islam, Buddhism- Indian constitutions as source for democratic values- equality- secularism, democracy- Research and resources in value education.

#### **UNIT V**

**Methods of teaching and documents on Human value education:** methods of teaching value education – Guidelines for developing value among students. Problems in promoting value Education – Documents of value education – Recommendation of the committee appointed by the central advisory Board of Education- Recommendation of the university education commission 1964 – 1966. National policy on Education 1986 -1992.

#### **REFERENCES**

1. J.C.Aggarwal, Education for values Environment and Human Rights, Shipra publications, New Delhi 2005.
2. Dube S.C. Modernization and development, the search for an alternative paradigm, zee books ltd. London : 1988.
3. Mansell R and When U, knowledge societies: Information Technology for sustainable , Development, Oxford University press, New York.

4. World bank knowledge for Development world development report, Oxford Unit press, New York.

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Hard Core: SEQUENCES AND SERIES**

**Unit I:**

**Inequalities:** Inequalities – Triangle Inequalities – The Arithmetic, Geometric, and Harmonic Means – Cauchy-Schwarz Inequality – Some More Inequalities.

Chapter: II Section: 1 – 6

**Unit II:**

**Sequences:** sequences, bounded sequences, monotonic sequences, convergent sequences, divergent and oscillating sequences.

**Chapter: III Section: 1 – 5**

**Unit III:**

Algebra of limits -Behaviour of monotonic sequences – some theorems on limits.

**Chapter: III Section: 6 – 8**

**Unit VI:**

Subsequences - limit points - Cauchy sequences – The upper and lower limits of a sequence.

**Chapter: III Section: 9 – 12**

**Unit V:**

**Series of positive terms:** infinite series - comparison test - Kummer's test - Root test and condensation test.

**Chapter: IV Section: 1 – 4**

**Unit V:**

Alternative series - absolute converges - test for convergence of series of arbitrary terms.

**Chapter: V Section: 1 - 4**

**Text book:**

1. S. Arumugam and others, Sequences and series, New Gamma publishing house.

**References :**

1. Richard R. Goldberg, Methods of Real analysis, Oxford and IBH Publishing co., New Delhi.
2. T. K. Manicavachagompillay and others, Algebra Volume - 1

## Course Outcomes:

Students will have:

- (i) an ability to work within an axiomatic framework;
- (ii) a detailed understanding of how Cauchy's criterion for the convergence of real and complex sequences and series follows from the completeness axiom for  $\mathbb{R}$ , and the ability to explain the steps in standard mathematical notation;
- (iii) knowledge of some simple techniques for testing the convergence of sequences and series, and confidence in applying them;
- (iv) familiarity with a variety of well-known sequences and series, with a developing intuition about the behaviour of new ones;
- (v) an understanding of how the elementary functions can be defined by power series, with an ability to deduce some of their easier properties.

## B.Sc. Mathematics

### Core Course: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

#### Objectives :

1. To study DEs and PDEs of first and second order.
2. To study Fourier series and application of Laplace transforms in solving DEs.

#### Unit I:

**Differential Equations of the first order:** Equation of first order and of first degree – Exact differential equations - conditions for the equations to be exact – working rule for solving it – problem – Equations of first order and higher degree – equations solvable for  $x, y, \frac{dy}{dx}$  - Clairaut's equations.- Integrating factor – Linear Equations – Bernouli's Equations – Equations of First and Higher Degree.

**Chapter 1 : Section: 1.1 – 1.7**

#### Unit II:

**Linear Differential Equations with constant coefficients:** second and higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients - Homogenous linear equations with variable coefficients – Equations reducible to the homogenous linear form – Variation of parameters.

**Chapter: II Section: 1 – 4 and 8 – 10.**

#### Linear Equations of Higher Order

Linear equation with constant coefficients – Methods of finding complementary functions- Methods of finding particular integrals – Homogeneous linear equations

Chapter 2 : Sections 2.1 – 2.4

#### Unit III:

**Simultaneous equations:** Simultaneous equations - necessary and sufficient condition of integrability of  $Pdx+Qdy+Rdz=0$ . Rule for solving it – Simultaneous linear differential equations with constant coefficients – Total differential equations.

**Chapter: III Section: 1- 7**

#### Linear Equations of Higher Order

Linear equations with variable coefficients – simultaneous linear differential equations – Total differential equations

Chapter 2: Sections 2.5 – 2.7

## Unit IV:

**Partial Differential Equations:** Partial differential equations formation of partial differential equation by the elimination of constant formation of partial differential equations by the elimination of arbitrary functions – general, particular and complete integrals of PDE standard forms – Lagrange's method.

**Chapter: IV Section: 1- 6**

**Partial Differential Equations::** Formation of Partial Differential Equations – First order partial differential equations – Methods of solving first order partial differential equations – Some standard forms – Charpit's method

Chapter 4: Sections 4.1 – 4.5

## Unit V:

**Laplace Transforms:** Laplace transforms theorems – Evaluation of integrals – inverse Laplace transform – solving ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients and variable coefficients.

**Chapter: V Section: 1- 8**

**Laplace Transform:** Laplace transform – Inverse Laplace transform – Solutions of differential equation using Laplace transforms

Chapter 3: Sections 3.1 – 3.3

## Text Book:

1. S. Narayanan and T.K.M. Pillay, Calculus vol. 3, Viswanathan Publishers.
2. Arumugam.S, Isaac, "Differential Equations and Applications", New Gamma Publishing House, 1993

## Reference Books:

1. S. Arumugam and others, Differential Equations and Applications, New Gamma Publishing House – 20.
2. J.N. Sharma R.K. Gupta, Differential Equations, Krishna PrakashanMandirMeerd.
- 3.. Narayanan and T.K.M. Pillay, Calculus vol. 3, Viswanathan Publishers.

## Course Outcomes:

The student will be able to

1. Solve first-order ordinary differential equations
2. Solves higher differential equations
3. Solve the Higher order differential equations
4. solve differential and integral equations using Laplace transforms.

## B.Sc, Mathematics

### Non Major Elective – I - History of Mathematics

#### Objective:

1. To know about the History of Mathematics
2. To study about some Great Mathematicians and his life.

#### Unit 1

Primitive Counting - A Sense of Number - Notches as Tally Marks - The Peruvian Quipus: Knots as Numbers - Number Recording of the Egyptians and Greeks - The History of Herodotus - Hieroglyphic Representation of Numbers - Egyptian Hieratic Numeration .

#### Unit 2

The Greek Alphabetic Numeral System - Number Recording of the Babylonians - Babylonian Cuneiform Script - The Babylonian Positional Number System .

#### Unit 3

Mathematics in Early Civilizations - The Rhind Papyrus - Egyptian Mathematical Papyri- A Key to Deciphering: The Rosetta Stone. **Egyptian Arithmetic Early Egyptian Multiplication**

#### Unit 4

**Egyptian Arithmetic Early Egyptian Multiplication**

The Unit Fraction Table - Representing Rational Numbers - Four Problems from the Rhind Papyrus - **The Method of False Position** .

#### Unit 5

Egyptian Mathematics as Applied Arithmetic - Egyptian Geometry - Approximating the Area of a Circle - The Volume of a Truncated Pyramid - Speculations About the Great Pyramid - **Babylonian Mathematics**.

#### Text books:

1. **The History of Mathematics An Introduction** –David M. Burton- Seventh Edition – The Mc Graw Hill Companies.

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Core Course: ABSTRACT ALGEBRA**

**Objectives:**

- To introduce Algebra from the basic concepts of set theory, Functions, etc.
- To introduce and delve deeply into the concepts of Group theory.

**Unit I:**

Definition and examples – Equivalent definitions of a group - elementary properties of group - Permutations groups..

**Chapter: III Section: 3.1 – 3.4**

**Unit II:**

Subgroups – cyclic groups – order of an element- Cosets and Lagrange's theorem – Normal subgroups and quotient group.

**Chapter: III Section: 3.5– 3.9**

**Unit III:**

Isomorphism - Homomorphisms

**Chapter: III Section: 3.10 – 3.11**

**Unit IV:**

**Rings:** Definition and examples – elementary properties of ring – Types of rings – characteristic of a ring-**Subrings**.

**Chapter: IV Section: 4.1 – 4.6**

**Unit V:**

Ideals – quotient rings – Maximal and prime ideals – homomorphism of rings – Field of quotients of an integral domain-**Ordered Integral domain-Unique Factorization Theorem(U.F.D)**.

**Chapter: IV Section: 4.7 – 4.13**

**Text book:**

1. S.Arumugam and others, Modern Algebra, Scitech Publication, India. 2013.

**Reference Books:**

1. M.L. KHANNA, **Modern Algebra**, JaiPrakashNarth& co.
2. S.G. Venkatachalapathy, “**Modern Algebra**”, Margham Publications – 2003.
3. Dr.AloknathChakabarti, “**A first course in Linear Algebra**”, Vijay Nicole imprints p. Ltd.

**Course Outcomes**

On completion of the course, the student will be able to identify different algebraic structures, isomorphic and non-isomorphic structure.



**Skill Based Elective – II**  
**MATHEMATICS FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS – II**

**Objectives :**

- To learn the problem solving techniques for aptitude problems.
- To enable the students prepare themselves for various competitive examinations.

**Unit I:**

Profit and loss and Ratio and proposition  
(Chapter 11 & 12)

**Unit II:**

Partnership and Chain rule  
(Chapters 13 & 14)

**Unit III:**

Time and Work, Time and Distances  
(Chapters 15 & 17)

**Unit IV:**

Problems on trains and Problems on Boats and streams  
(Chapters 18 & 19)

**Unit V:**

Simple Interest and compound interest  
(Chapters 21 & 22)

**Text Book:**

Scope and treatment as in “**Quantitative Aptitude**” by R. S. Aggarwal, S.Chand & Company Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi (2004)

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Core Course: MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS – II**

**Objectives:**

- To make the students gain wide knowledge in probability which plays a main role in solving real life problems.
- To apply these techniques to real life problems.

**Unit I:**

Probability: Probability - conditional probability - Baye's theorem.

**Chapter 11**

**Unit II:**

Random variables: Discrete random variables - continuous random variables - Mathematical Expectations - moment generating functions.

**Chapter 12**

**Unit III:**

Probability distributions: Binomial–Paisson and normal distributions.

**Chapter 13**

**Unit IV:**

Test of significance (Large sample): Sample, Sampling distributions, testing hypothesis, Test of significance for proposition or percentage, Test of significance for mean, Test of significance standard deviations, Test of significance for correlations.

**Chapter 14**

**Unit IV:**

Test of significance (small sample): t-test, F-test.

**Chapter 15**

**Unit V:**

**Analysis of Variance, One criterion of classification, Two criteria of classification**

**Chapter 17 ,17.0 -17.2**

**Text book:**

S.Arumugam and others, “**Statistics**”, New Gamma publishing house - 2009.

**Reference:**

S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, **Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics**, S.Chand.

**Course outcome:**

At the end of this course the students must able to

1. Know the clear cut idea about Probability, Conditional Probability and Baye's theorem.
2. Gather the knowledge about Random variables, Mathematical Expectations and Moment generating functions.
3. Know the uses and properties of probability Distributions
4. Must know how to use the t-test and F-test
5. Gather the Knowledge and applications of ANOVA table

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Core Course: REAL ANALYSIS**

**Objectives:**

1. To study the real number system and its properties.
2. To study the properties of functions defined on the Real line.

**Unit I:**

**Sets and functions:** countable sets - uncountable sets - inequalities of Holder's and Minkowski.

**Chapter: I Section: 1.1- 1.4**

**Unit I:**

**Metric spaces:** Definition and examples – Bounded sets in a metric space – open ball in a metric space – open sets – subspaces – interior of a set- closed set – closure – limit point – Dense set.

**Chapter: II**

**Unit II:**

**Complete Metric space:** Completeness – Baire's category theorem.

**Chapter: III**

**Unit III:**

**Continuity:** Continuity -homeomorphism - uniform continuity. Connected: Definition and examples – connected subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  – connectedness and continuity

**Chapter: IV section: 4.1-4.3; Chapter: V section: 5.1-5.3**

**Unit IV :**

**Connectedness:**

**Introduction : Definition and examples – Connected subsets of  $\mathbb{R}$  – Connectedness and continuity**

**Chaper V: Sections 5.0 – 5.2**

**Unit V:**

**Compactness:** Compact space – compact subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  – equivalent characterization for compactness – compactness and continuity.

**Chapter: VI**

**Text book:**

S. Arumugam and others, “**Modern Analysis**”, New Gamma publications, 2012.

**Reference Books:**

Richard R. Goldberg, **Methods of Real analysis**, Oxford and IBH Publishing co., New Delhi.

Tom M.Apostol, **Mathematical Analysis**, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, New York.

## **Course Outcomes**

On completion of the course, the student will be able to

1. analyse continuity, derivability, integrability of given real valued function and find derivatives, integrals of given real valued function through limits.
2. analyse the structure of the real line.

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Core Course: LINEAR ALGEBRA**

**Objectives:**

- To facilitate a better understanding of Functional Analysis
- To develop analytical thinking

**Unit I:**

**Vector spaces:** Definition and examples – subspaces – Linear transformations – span of sets.

**Chapter: V Section 5.1 – 5.4**

**Unit II:**

Linear Independence – basis and dimension – rank and nullity – Matrix of a Linear transformation - simple problems.

**Chapter: V Section 5.5 – 5.8**

**Unit III:**

**Inner Product spaces:** Definition and examples – orthogonality – orthogonal complement.

**Chapter: VI Section 6.1 – 6.3**

**Unit IV:**

**Theory of Matrices:** - Algebra of matrices – Type of matrices – The inverse of a matrix – elementary transformations – Rank of a Matrix.

**Chapter: VII Section 7.1 – 7.5**

**Unit V:**

Simultaneous Linear equations – Characteristic Equation and Cayley Hamilton theorem – Eigen values and Eigen vector, **bilinear forms**

**Chapter: VII Section 7.6 – 7.8, 8.1, 8.2**

**Text book:**

S.Arumugam and others, “**Modern Algebra**” , Scitech Publication, India. 2013

**Reference Books:**

1. S.G. Venkatachalapathy, “**Modern Algebra**”, Margham Publications – 2003.
2. Dr.AloknathChakabarti, “**A first course in Linear Algebra**”, Vijay Nicole imprints p. Ltd.
3. M.L. KHANNA, **Modern Algebra**, JaiPrakashNarth& co.

## Course Outcomes

1. analyze the solution set of a system of linear equations.
2. express some algebraic concepts (such as binary operation, group, field).
3. do elementary matrix operations.
4. express a system of linear equations in a matrix form.
5. do the elementary row operations for the matrices and systems of linear equations.

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Core Course : MECHANICS**

**Objectives :**

- To provide a basic knowledge of the behavior of various types of forces.
- To give enough working knowledge to handle practical problems.

**Statics**

**Unit I:**

**Force acting at a point:** Forces acting at a point – resultant and components – Parallelogram law of forces – Triangle law of forces – converse – Lami's theorem

**Chapter 2**

**Unit II**

**Paraller Forces and Moments: To find the Resultant of two like parallel forces acting on a rigid body – to find the resultant of two unlike parallel forces acting on a rigid body Moment of a force – Varignon's Theorem of moments – Principle of Moments**

**Chapter – 3**

**Unit II:**

**Couples: Couples -equilibrium of three forces acting on a rigid body.**

**Chapter 4 and 5**

**Unit III:**

**Friction:** Friction – Law of friction – Cone of friction – angle of friction – some simple problems.

**Chapter 7**

**Dynamics**

**Objectives :**

- To provide a basic knowledge of the behavior of objects in motion.
- To develop a working knowledge to handle practical problems

**Unit IV:**

**Projectiles:** Projectiles – Path of projectile is a parabola – range – range of a particle projected on an inclined plane.

**Chapter 6**

**Unit V:**

**Impulsive forces:** Impact - Impulse – Impact in a fixed plane – direct and oblique impact.

**Chapter 7**

**Text books:**

1. M.K. Venkatraman, “**Statics**”, Agasthiar Publications.
2. M.K. Venkatraman, “**Dynamics**”, Agasthiar Publications.

**Reference Books:**

1. S.G.Venkatachalapathy, **Mechanics**, Margham Publications, Chennai 2012.
2. P.duraipandian, **Mechanics**, Emerald Publishers, Chennai.

**Course Outcome**

On completion of the course, the student will be able to

1. know various methods of finding the resultant of a finite number of forces and methods of resolving forces.
2. be able to understand the effect of different types of forces acting at a point in equilibrium.
3. know the various properties of motion of a projectile, a simple harmonic motion and orbital motion.
4. resolve a given force and find equation of catenary
5. analyse the motion of a projectile.
6. analyse simple harmonic and orbital motions.



**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Elective Course I :PROGRAMMING IN C**

**Objectives :**

- To introduce the techniques of C programming.
- To solve numerical problems using C.

**UNIT I:**

Introduction – Importance of C- Basic structure of C program - Character set - Constants – Keywords and identifiers – Variables Data types – Declaration of variables –Defining symbolic constants.

**UNIT II:**

Arithmetic operators - Relational operators - logical operators – assignment operators –increment and decrement operates –Conditional operators – Arithmetic expressions –Evaluation of expressions –Precedence of arithmetic operators.

**UNIT III:**

Decision making with IF statement – Simple IF statement – The if ELSE statement - Nesting of IF.....ELSE statement – The ELSE IF ladder. The Switch statement –The GOTO statement.

**UNIT IV:**

The WHILE statement - the DO statement the FOR statement –Jumps in loops.

**UNIT V:**

One, Two dimensional arrays – Initiating two dimensional arrays – Multidimensional arrays –Declaring and initializing string variables –reading strings from terminal – Writing strings on the screen – Arithmetic operations on characters.

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. E.Balagurusamy“Programming in ANSI C” Second Edition – Tata McGraw – Hill PublishingCompany limited, New Delhi.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1.Byron Gottfried “Programming with C”(Schaum’s outline series)-Tata McGrawHill publishingcompany -1998.
2. Ashok N.Kamthane “Programming with Ansi and Turbo C”, Pearson Education publishers,2002
- 3.HentryMullish and Herbert L cooper , “The spirit of C” Jaico publisher , 1996.
- 4.THE ANSI C, Second edition , October 1992.
5. BRIAN W.KERNIGHAN,DENNIS M.RITCHIEPublished by Prentice- Hall of India Privated Limited, M-97,New Delhi- 110001.
- 5.ANSI C: With Microsoft C 5.1 and Quick C 2.0 C.Balasubramanian.1992, Tata McGraw-HillPublishing Company limited, New Delhi.
6. “PROGRAMMING IN C “, Kris A.Jamsa 1992, Galgotia Publications Pvt.ltd.

**Course Outcomes**

After the completion of this course, the students will be able to develop applications.

**Skill Based Elective – III**  
**MATHEMATICS FOR COMPETITIVE EXAMINATIONS – III**

**Objectives :**

- To learn the problem solving techniques for aptitude problems.
- To enable the students prepare themselves for various competitive examinations.

**Unit I:**

Logarithms and areas  
(Chapters 23 & 24)

**Unit II:**

Volume and Surface areas; Races and games of skill  
(Chapter 25 & 26)

**Unit III:**

Calendar and clocks  
(Chapter 27 & 28)

Unit IV:

Stock and Shares; True Discount  
(Chapter 29 & 30)

Unit V:

Banker's discount and odd man out and series  
(Chapter 31 & 32)

**Text book**

1. Scope and treatment as in “**Quantitative Aptitude**” by R.S. Aggarwal, S.Chand & Company Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi (2004)

## B.Sc. Mathematics

### Core Course: NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

[In all the units the value of a root may be calculated up to 3 decimal accuracy only]

#### Objectives:

1. To introduce the exciting world of programming to the students through numerical methods.

#### UNIT I

**Algebraic & Transcendental equations:** : Errors in Numerical Calculations: Errors and their computations - A general error formula - Error in a series.-Finding a root of the given equation (Derivation of the formula not needed) using Bisection Method, Method of False Position, Newton Raphson Method, Iteration method – **Types of errors.**

**Chapter 2 section 2.1 to 2.5**

#### UNIT II

**Interpolation:**Finite differences –Forward , Backward & Central differences –Their symbolic relations –Newton’s forward & backward difference interpolation formulae – Interpolation with unevenly spaced intervals –Application of Lagrange’s interpolating Polynomial ( Proof not needed) – Divided differences and their properties – Application of Newton’s General Interpolating formula. (Proof not needed).

**Chapter 3 Sections 3.1, 3.3, 3.6, 3.9, 3.9.1, 3.11, 3.11.1**

**Unit III: Numerical Differentiation: Derivatives using Newton’s Forward Difference Formula– Derivatives using Newton’s Backward Difference Formula - Derivatives using Stirling’s Formula - Maxima and Minima of Tabulated Function. Numerical Integration: General Quadrature Formula - Trapezoidal Rule - Simpson’s 1/3 Rule - Simpson’s 3/8 Rule.**

#### UNIT III

**Numerical differentiation and Integration:** Numerical differentiation - Numerical Integration using Trapezoidal rule & Simpson’s 1/3&3/8 rules - Theory & problems.

**Chapter 5 Sections 5.1- 5.2, 5.4.1 – 5.4.3**

#### UNIT IV

**Solutions to Linear Systems:** Gaussian Elimination Method – Jacobi & Gauss Siedal iterative methods – Theory & problems.

**Chapter 6 Sections 6.3.2 & 6.4**

## UNIT V

**Numerical solution of ODE:** Solution by Taylor Series Method , Picard's method, Euler's Method , Modified Euler's Method , RungeKutta 2nd and 4th order methods (Derivation of the formula not needed). - [Milne's Predictor -Corrector Method](#).

**Chapter 7 Sections 7.1 – 7.5**

### TEXT BOOK(S)

1. S.S.Sastry, **Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis**, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Limited, 2000.

### REFERENCE(S)

- [1] S. Narayanan & Others, **Numerical Analysis**, S. Viswanathan Publishers, 1994.
- [2] S.Arumugam ,**Numerical Methods**, New Gamma Publishing, Palamkottai, 2003.
- [3] A.Singaravelu, **Numerical Methods**, Meenakshi Agency, Chennai, 2004.

### Course Outcomes

1. To Know how to find our solution of algebraic equations using different methods under different conditions, and numerical solution of system of algebraic equations.
2. To learn how to interpolate the given set of values.
3. How to works numerical differentiation whenever and wherever routine methods are not applicable.
4. To understand the curve fitting for various polynomials
5. To know how to solve the numerical solution of differential equations.

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Core Course: COMPLEX ANALYSIS**

**Objectives:**

- To study the behavior of complex-valued functions.
- To train the students in the operative techniques on complex-valued functions.

**UNIT I**

**Functions of a Complex variable:** Limits-Theorems on Limits –Continuous functions – Differentiability – Cauchy-Riemann equations – **Analytic functions – Harmonic functions.**

**Chapter 2 section 2.1 to 2.8**

**UNIT II**

**Elementary transformations:** Bilinear transformations – Cross ratio.

**Chapter 3 Sections 3.1 to 3.3**

**UNIT III**

**Complex integration:** definite integral – Cauchy's Theorem –Cauchy's integral formula –Higher derivatives.

**Chapter 6 sections 6.1 to 6.4**

**UNIT IV**

**Series expansions:** Taylor's series –Laurant's Series – Zeroes of analytic functions.

**Chapter 7 Sections 7.1 to 7.3**

**UNIT V**

**Residues:** Cauchy's Residue Theorem –Evaluation of definite integrals.

**Chapter 8 Sections 8.1 to 8.3**

**Text Book:**

[1] S.Arumugam,A.Thangapandi Isaac& A.Somasundaram, **Complex Analysis**, New Scitech Publications (India) Pvt Ltd, 2002.

**Reference Books:**

[1] P.P Gupta – Kedarnath&Ramnath, **Complex Variables**, Meerut -Delhi

[2] J.N. Sharma, Functions of a **Complex variable**, Krishna PrakasanMedia (P) Ltd, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, 1996-97.

[3] T.K.ManickavachaagamPillai, **Complex Analysis**, S.Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd,1994.

## Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the learner will

1. know the definition of analytic functions and understand their properties.
2. know bilinear transformations and understand its properties.
3. be able to understand integration of complex valued functions and their higher derivatives.
4. be able to understand zeros and singularities of an analytic function and to apply their properties in the evaluation of definite integrals.

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Core Course : OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

**Objectives:**

- To introduce the various techniques of Operations Research.
- To make students solve real life problems in Business and Management.

**UNIT I**

**Introduction to Operations Research:** Elementary treatment of Linear Programming – Operation Research – An overview - Simplex Method – Artificial variable – Big-M method – Two Phase Method.

[1]Chapter 1 (Preliminaries only), Chapter 3: Sections 3.1 – 3.5

**UNIT II**

**Linear Programming Problem :** – Big-M method – Two Phase Method.- Duality in LPP -Dual Simplex Method

[1]Chapter 3: Section 3.6,3.7,3.9 and 3.10

**UNIT III**

**Transportation problems:** Application to Transportation problem –Transportation algorithm –Degeneracy algorithm –Degeneracy in Transportation Problem, Unbalanced transportation problem- Mathematical Formulation of Transportation Problem – Degeneracy of Transportaion Problem

[1]Chapter 4: Section 4.1 – 4.2

**UNIT IV**

**Assignment problems:** Assignment algorithm – Unbalanced Assignment problem.- Mathematical Formulation of Assisgnment Problem – Solution to Assighment Problems

Chapter 10 Section: 10.1 to 10.3

[1]Chapter 5: Sections 5.1 – 5.2

**UNIT V**

**PERT CPM network:** PERT CPM network – Critical & sub Critical jobs – Determining the Critical Path – Network Calculation of PERT networks – Probability of PERT.

[2]Chapter 20 Section: 20.1 to 20.8

**TEXT BOOK(S)**

[1] Arumugam.S, Isaac, “Topics in Operations Research- Linear Programming”, New Gamma Publishing House, ,Marchi 2015

[2] KantiSwarop, Gupta.P.K&Manmohan, **Operations Research**, Sultan Chand & Co.

**REFERENCE(S)**

[1] Hamdy A. Taha, **Operations Research** (7th Edn.), Prentice Hall of India,2002.

[2] Richard Bronson, **Theory and Problems of Operations Research**, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 1982.

## Course Outcomes

1. Identify and develop operational research models from the verbal description of the real system.
2. Understand the mathematical tools that are needed to solve optimisation problems.
3. To solve the Linear programming:
4. Understand the OR models and Solve them towards optimality by applying appropriate simplex methods.
5. Apply the Transportation algorithm to reduce transportation cost.
6. Apply the Assignment algorithm to allocate the job in such a way that to reduce the total cost for that job.
7. Apply the concepts of PERT and CPM for decision making and optimally managing projects.
8. Analyze and convert the real life problems in Business and Management to the operations research model and solve them towards optimality by applying suitable OR methods.
9. To draw a Network flows and find the PERT



## **B.Sc. Mathematics**

### **Soft Core: ASTRONOMY**

#### **UNIT I**

Relevant properties of a sphere & relevant formulae for spherical trigonometry (All without Proof) – Celestial sphere – Diurnal motion.

**Chapters 1 & 2**

#### **UNIT II**

Earth – Dip of the horizon - **Twilight**

**Chapter 3 Section 1, 2, 5, 6**

#### **UNIT III**

**Twilight** – Astronomical refraction – Tangent & Cosine's formula – Properties & simple problems applying them.

**Chapter 4 Sections 117 to 120, 129, 130**

#### **UNIT IV**

Kepler's Laws of Planetary motion (statement only) – Newton's deductions from them – Three anomalies of the Earth and relation between them – **Time- Equation of time – Seasons**

**Chapter 6**

#### **UNIT V**

**Time- Equation of time – Seasons- Calendar- Conversion of Time**

**Chapter 6 and 7**

#### **UNIT V**

**Moon (except Moon's librations)- Motions of planet (assuming that orbits are circular - Eclipses.**

**Chapter 12**

#### **Text Book:**

1. S. Kumaravelu and Susheela Kumaravelu, Astronomy, SKV Publications, 2004.

#### **Reference Books:**

[1] V. Thiruvengatcharya, A Text Book of Astronomy, S. Chand and Co., Pvt Ltd., 1972.

## Course Outcomes

1. Be inspired to continue and share their interest in astronomical advances and discoveries throughout their lives.
2. Have a solid grounding in many areas of modern astronomy and their basic underlying physical principles.
3. Know about and understand the observed properties of physical systems that comprise the known universe, on various scales.
4. Demonstrate the ability to design, make, analyze, and interpret quantitative observations of celestial objects.

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Elective III: GRAPH THEORY**

**Objectives :**

1. To introduce the notion of graph theory and its applications.
2. To introduce some of the most important notions of Graph Theory and develop their skills and solving basic exercises.

**Unit I:**

Definition of graph – Application of graph – Finite and infinite graphs – incidence and degree– isolated vertex – pendant vertex and null graph – sub graphs – walks – paths – circuits – connected graphs –disconnected graph and components.

**Chapter 1: 1.1 – 1.5**

**Unit II:**

Euler graph – Operation on graphs - more on Euler graphs – Hamiltonian paths and circuits.

**Chapter 2: 2.2, 2.4 – 2.9**

**Unit III:**

Trees – Properties of trees – spanning trees – fundamental circuits – spanning trees in a weighted graph.

**Chapter 3: 3.1 – 3.4, 3.7. 3.8, 3.10**

**Unit IV:**

Cut sets – properties – fundamental circuits and cut sets – connecting and separability.

**Chapter 4: 4.1 – 4.5**

**Unit V:**

Planar graphs– Kuratowski's two graphs – different representation of a planar graph – detection of planarity – geometric dual.

**Chapter 5: 5.2 – 5.6, 5.8**

**Unit :V**

**Coloring,Covering and Partitioning**

**Chromatic Number** – Chromatic Partitioning – Chromatic Polynomial – Matching

–

Covering – The four Colour Problem.

Chapter 8: 8.1 – 8.6

**Text book:**

NarsinghDeo, **Graph theory with Application to Engineering and computer Science**, Prertice, Hall of India P.Ltd., New Delhi 2001.

### Course Outcomes

1. To understand and apply the fundamental concepts in graph theory
2. To apply graph theory based tools in solving practical problems
3. To improve the proof writing skills.
4. The students will be able to apply principles and concepts of graph theory in practical situations

**NMEC1 – Non Major Elective – I:  
ASTRONOMY (For Physics)**

**Objectives:**

- To introduce the exciting world of astronomy to the students.
- To help the students to study about the celestial objects.

**Unit I:**

Sphere – great circles and small circles – formulae on spherical trigonometry (without proof) – Napier's rule.

**Chapter I: section 1-7, 12, 13, 20-23, 25-32**

**Unit II:**

Celestial sphere – first point of aries – equinoxes and solstices – four systems of celestial co-ordinates – relation between R.A. and longitude of the sun – sidereal time –  $t = \alpha \pm h$  - latitude of a place – to find the azimuth of a star at rising – circumpolar stars.

**Chapter II: Section: 39 – 58, 60 – 63, 66, 68 – 70, 75 – 78, 80 – 82**

**Unit III:**

The earth – variations in the duration of day – dip of horizon – refraction – tangent formula.

**Chapter III: Section: 87 – 90, 106, 107, 109, 110.**

**Chapter IV: Section: 117 – 123**

**Unit IV:**

Kepler's law – **to fix the position of a planet in its orbit** – anomalies – equation of time – seasons.

**Chapter VI: Section: 146 – 149, 156 – 163, 173, 174**

**Unit V:**

The moon – harvest moon – metonic cycle – eclipses ecliptic limits – **planetary phenomena** – sidereal period – stationary points – direct and retrograde motion.

**Chapter XII: Section: 229 -242, 250**

**Chapter XIII: section 256 – 262, 269, 271, 272, 273**

**Chapter XIV: section: 285 – 287, 300**

**Text book**

1. S. Kumaravelu and SusheelaKumaravelu, Astronomy, SKV Publications, 2004.

## **Course Outcomes**

1. Be inspired to continue and share their interest in astronomical advances and discoveries throughout their lives.
2. Have a solid grounding in many areas of modern astronomy and their basic underlying physical principles.
3. Know about and understand the observed properties of physical systems that comprise the known universe, on various scales.
4. Demonstrate the ability to design, make, analyze, and interpret quantitative observations of celestial objects.

## **NMEC2 – Non Major Elective – II: Arithmetic Aptitude (for English)**

### **Unit I:**

Profit and loss.

**Chapter: 11**

### **Unit II:**

Ratio and Proportion

**Chapter: 12**

### **Unit III:**

Time and work - time and distance.

**Chapter: 15 &17**

### **Unit IV:**

Simple and compound interest.

**Chapter: 21&22**

### **Unit V:**

Area – volume - weight and measure (elementary).

**Chapter: 25**

### **Text book**

Scope and treatment as in “**Quantitative Aptitude**” by R. S. Aggarwal, S.Chand& Company Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi (2004).

For B.Sc., Computer science

**CCA1: Allied Paper I:  
NUMERICAL ANALYSIS**

[In all the units, Derivation of the formula not needed and the value of a root may be calculated up to 3 decimal accuracy only]

**PREREQUISITE:**

Basic Mathematics

**SUBJECT OBJECTIVES:**

Prepare students to impart the knowledge of finding approximate solutions of polynomial, simultaneous algebraic equations, Interpolation, Differentiation and Integration, ODEs by various Numerical techniques. To motivate students how to solve mathematical modelling problems using Numerical analysis.

**UNIT I: Solution of Algebraic & Transcendental Equations:**

Finding a root of the given equation (Derivation of the formula not needed) using Bisection Method, Method of False Position, Iteration method, Newton Raphson Method, Graeffe's Root Squaring Method.

**Chapter 2 Section 2.1 to 2.5 and 2.9**

**UNIT II: Interpolation:**

Forward Differences and Backward differences –Newton's formulae forward & backward difference for Interpolation – Lagrange's interpolation interpolating Polynomial (Proof not needed) Formula, Inverse Interpolation.

**Chapter 3 Sections 3.3.1, 3.3.2, 3.6, 3.9.1 and 3.11.**

**UNIT III: Numerical Differentiation and Integration:**

Introduction - Numerical differentiation - Numerical Integration - Trapezoidal rule & Simpson's 1/3 rule & Simpson's 3/8 rule.

**Chapter 6 Sections 6.1- 6.2, 6.4.1 – 6.4.3.**

**UNIT IV: Solutions to Linear Systems:**

Solution of Linear systems – Direct Methods - Gaussian Elimination Method – Necessity for pivoting – Gauss – Jordan method – Solution of Linear Systems – Iterative methods - Jacobi & Gauss Siedal iterative methods.

**Chapter 7 Sections 7.5.1 to 7.5.3 and 7.6**

**UNIT V: Numerical solution of ODE:**

Solution by Taylor Series Method, Euler's Method , Modified Euler's Method , Runge Kutta 2nd and 4th order methods (Derivation of the formula not needed), Predictor and Corrector Methods.

**Chapter 8 Sections 8.2, 8.5 and 8.6**



**Text Book:**

1. S.S.Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Fifth Edition, Prentice Hall of

India Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2012 2000.

(<https://rahulpatel121.files.wordpress.com/2018/07/s-s-sastry-introductory-methods-of-numerical-analysis-2012-phi-learning-pvt-ltd.pdf>)

**Reference Books:**

[1] S. Narayanan & Others, Numerical Analysis, S. Viswanathan Publishers, 1994.

[2] S.Arumugam , Numerical Methods, New Gamma Publishing, Palamkottai, 2003.

[3] A.Singaravelu, Numerical Methods, Meenakshi Agency, Chennai, 2004.

**Course Outcomes**

Upon completion of this course the student will be able to

1. Solve Algebraic and Transcendental Equations by applying appropriate methods.
2. Find the approximate solution to the problems related to Interpolation, Differentiation and Integration.
3. Choose suitable method to find solution to the linear systems.
4. Apply appropriate method to find the approximate solution to the ODE.

**For B.Sc., Computer science  
CCA2: Allied Paper II:**

**OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

**PREREQUISITE:**

Basic Mathematics and Probability Concepts

**SUBJECT OBJECTIVES:**

Prepare students to understand the mathematical tool and develop operational research models and apply the appropriate algorithm to solve for optimality.

**UNIT I: Introduction to Linear Programming Problem: Introduction to Operations Research:**

Meaning of OR – Scope of OR – Features of OR – Limitations of OR - Application of OR - Elementary treatment of Linear Programming – Mathematical Formulation of the Problem – Graphical Solution Method – General LPP - Slack and Surplus Variable – Reformulation of general LPP – Matrix formulation of general LPP - Graphical Method.

**Chapter 0 Sections 0.2, 0.4, and 0.9**

**Chapter 2 Sections 2.2 and 2.3, 2.5 to 2.8**

**UNIT II: The Simplex Method:**

Slack variable – surplus variable - Simplex Method – Simplex Algorithm - Artificial variables – Charnes Method for Penalties – Two – Phase Simplex Method. Big-M method – Two Phase Method.

**Chapter 3 Sections 3.3 and 3.5 to 3.7**

**UNIT III: The Transportation Problem:**

Introduction – Matrix form of LPP – The Transportation table – Loops in Transportation table and their properties – Initial Basic Feasible Solution – Moving towards Optimality – Transportation algorithm – Degeneracy algorithm – Degeneracy in Transportation Problems - Unbalanced transportation problems.

**Chapter 9 Sections 9.1 to 9.9**

**UNIT IV: Assignment and Routing Problems:**

The Assignment problem – The Assignment algorithm – Unbalanced Assignment problem – Routing Problem – Travelling Salesman Problem – Formulation of Travelling Salesman Problem as an Assignment Problem.

**Chapter 10 Sections 10.1 to 10.4**

**UNIT V: Network Scheduling by PERT / CPM: PERT CPM network:**

Introduction – Basic Concepts – Constraints in networks – Construction of the Network – Time calculation in Networks – CPM – PERT – PERT Calculations – PERT CPM network – Determining the Critical Path – Network Calculation of PERT networks – Probability of PERT.

**Chapter 20 Sections 20.1 to 20.8**

**Text Book:**

[1] Kanti Swarop, Gupta. P.K & Manmohan, Operations Research, Sultan Chand & Sons.

**Reference Books:**

- [1] Hamdy A. Taha, Operations Research (7th Edn.), Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
- [2] Richard Bronson, Theory and Problems of Operations Research, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 1982.

**Course Outcomes**

Upon completion of this course the student will be able to

1. Understand the OR models and Solve them towards optimality by applying appropriate simplex methods.
2. Apply the Transportation algorithm to reduce transportation cost.
3. Apply the Assignment algorithm to allocate the job in such a way that to reduce the total cost for that job.
4. Apply the concepts of PERT and CPM for decision making and optimally managing projects.
5. Analyze and convert the real life problems in Business and Management to the operations research model and solve them towards optimality by applying suitable OR methods.

**For B.Sc., Physics & Chemistry**  
**CCA1: Allied Paper I**  
**ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS**

**Objectives:**

- To introduce Algebra from the basic concepts of set theory, Functions, etc.
- To introduce Vector Calculus basic concepts and its applications

**Unit I:**

**Matrices:** Various types of matrices – Characteristic roots of a square matrix – Evaluation of eigen values and eigen vectors – verification of Cayley’s Hamilton theorem.

**Chapter 5**

**Unit II:**

**Derivatives:** Higher Derivatives -  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of standard functions – Leibnitz’s theorem (statement only) for the  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of product of functions – applicable to suitable problems.

**Chapter 8**

**Unit III:**

**Reduction formula:** Reduction formula for  $\int e^{ax} x^n dx$ ;  $\int \sin^n x dx$ ;  $\int \cos^n x dx$ ; where  $n$  is a positive integer. Evaluation of  $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-ax} x^n dx$ ;  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x dx$ ;  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^n x dx$ , where  $n$  is a positive integer.

**Chapter 16**

**Unit III:**

**Trigonometry:** Hyperbolic functions – Euler’s formula – Formula for  $\sin\theta$  and  $\cos\theta$  in terms of exponential functions – Periodicity of exponential functions – Addition formulae – Hyperbolic functions – Relation Between circular and Hyperbolic functions- Addition formulae in hyperbolic functions – Periods of hyperbolic functions – Inverse Hyperbolic functions.

**Chapter 14**

**Unit IV:**

**Vector Calculus:** Vector differentiation – velocity and acceleration – circular motion – angular velocity vector – scalar and vector fields – Divergence and curl applications.

**Chapter 28**

**Unit V:**

Vector integration – application of Gauss, Green’s and Stroke’s theorem (no proof).

**Chapter 29**

**Text books:**

1. Dr.PR. Vittal, **Allied Mathematics**, Margham Publications – 2014.

## **REFERENCE(S)**

1. T.K. Manickavachaagam Pillai and others, **Calculus vol I and vol II**, S.Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
2. M.L. Khanna, **Vector Calculus**, JaiPrakashNarth&co.

## **Course Outcomes**

On completion of the course, the student will be able to

1. find the eigen values, eigen vectors of a given matrix.
2. find higher derivatives of given functions.
3. be able to understand properties of straight lines and spheres.

For B.Sc., Physics and Chemistry

CCA2: Allied Paper II

**DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS, LAPLACE TRANSFORMS AND FOURIER SERIES**

**Unit I:**

**Differential equations of first order and higher degree:** Equations solvable for  $p$ ,  $y$  and  $x$  – Clairaut's equation – Exact equation – Equations reducible to exact form.

**Chapter 22**

**Unit II:**

**Linear equations with constant coefficients:** evaluation of particular integral of the equation for  $e^{ax}$ ,  $\sin ax$ ,  $\cos ax$ ,  $x^k$ ,  $e^{ax} f(x)$  where  $a, k$  are constants and  $f(x)$  is any function of  $x$ .

**Chapter 23**

**Unit III:**

Formation of equations by elimination of constants and arbitrary functions – **definition of general, particular and complete solutions – singular integral (geometrical meaning not expected)**. Solutions of first order equations in their standard forms.

$F(p, q) = 0$ ;  $F(x, p, q) = 0$ ;  $F(y, p, q) = 0$ ;  $F(z, p, q) = 0$ ;  $f(x, p) = g(y, q)$ ;  $z = px + qy + f(p, q)$ ;

Lagrange's method of solving the linear equations  $Pp + Qq = R$  (Geometrical interpretation not expected).

**Chapter 26**

**Unit IV:**

Definition – Laplace transform of functions  $e^{at}$ ,  $\cos at$ ,  $\sin at$ ,  $t^n$ . First shifting theorem

– Laplace transform of  $e^{-at} f(t)$  is  $\varphi(s + a)$  - Laplace transform of

$e^{-at} \cos bt$ ,  $e^{-at} \sin bt$ , and  $e^{-at} f(t)$  - Laplace transform of  $f'(t)$ ,  $f''(t)$  - Inverse

Laplace transform relating to the above standard forms – applications to the solution of ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients involving above transformations.

**Chapter 27**

**Unit V:**

Definition of Fourier series – finding Fourier coefficient for a given periodic function with period  $2\pi$  (odd or even function) – sine and cosine series.

**Chapter 21**

**Text books:**

1. Dr.PR. Vittal, Allied Mathematics, Margham Publications – 2014.

## REFERENCE(S)

1. S. Arumugam and others, Trigonometry and Fourier series, New gamma publication
2. S. Narayanan and T.K.M. Pillay, Differential equations, S. Viswanathan Publishers.  
T.K.ManickavachaagamPillai and others, Calculus vol II, S.Viswanathan Publishers.

## Course Outcomes:

The student will be able to

5. Solve first-order ordinary differential equations
6. Solves higher differential equations
7. Solve the Higher order differential equations
8. solve differential and integral equations using Laplace transforms.

**B.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Core Course: MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS – I**

**Objective:**

1. To understand the concepts of various discrete and continuous probability distributions.
2. To know about the concepts of correlation and regression, Sampling and applications of chi-square, t-test and F-test.

**Unit I:**

**Central tendencies:** Mean–median – quartiles –deciles – percentiles – mode - Geometric mean - Harmonic mean.

**Chapter: II Section: 1- 4**

**Unit II:**

**Measure of dispersion:** Range – quartile - mean deviation - standard deviation – **Moments -Skewness and Kurtosis.**

**Chapter: III & IV**

**Unit III:**

**Correlation and regression:** correlations - rank correlations - regressions.

**Chapter: VI**

**Unit IV:**

**Theory of attributes:** Attributes - consistency of data - independence and association of data.

**Chapter: VIII**

**Unit V:**

**Index Number:** Index number - consumer price index number - conversion of chain base index number into fixed base index and conversely.

**Text book:**

S.Arumugam and others, **Statistics**, New Gamma publishing house.

**Reference:**

S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics, S.Chand.



## Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, the learner will

1. know continuous discrete random variables, their probability functions and distribution functions.
2. know the definition and properties of standard discrete distributions and their applications in analyzing data.
3. know methods of finding correlation and regression co-efficients between two data sets and their applications.
4. the student will be able to analyse discrete and continuous data through measures of central tendency and measures of dispersions.

## **Non Major Elective for Physical Education**

### **Arithmetic Aptitude**

#### **Unit I:**

Profit and loss.

**Chapter: 11**

#### **Unit II:**

Ratio and Proportion

**Chapter: 12**

#### **Unit III:**

Time and work - time and distance.

**Chapter: 15 &17**

#### **Unit IV:**

Simple and compound interest.

**Chapter: 21&22**

#### **Unit V:**

Area – volume - weight and measure (elementary).

**Chapter: 25**

#### **Text book**

1. Scope and treatment as in “**Quantitative Aptitude**” by R. S. Aggarwal, S.Chand & Company Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi (2004).

#### **Course Outcomes**

On successful completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the basic concepts of **QUANTITATIVE ABILITY**
2. Understand the basic concepts of **LOGICAL REASONING Skills**
3. Acquire satisfactory competency in use of **VERBAL REASONING**
4. Solve campus placements aptitude papers covering Quantitative Ability, Logical Reasoning and Verbal Ability
5. Compete in various competitive exams like CAT, CMAT, GATE, GRE, GATE, UPSC, GPSC etc.